APPENDIX

PERTINENT PROVISIONS OF STATUTES

Section 240(a) of Judicial Code, 28 U. S. C. 347, as amended by Act of February 13, 1925, 43 Stat. 938:

(a) In any case, civil or criminal, in a circuit court of appeals * * * it shall be competent for the Supreme Court of the United States, upon petition of any party thereto, whether Government or other litigant to require by certiorari, either before or after a judgment or decree by such lower court, that the cause be certified to the Supreme Court for determination by it with the same power and authority, and with like effect, as if the cause had been brought there by an unrestricted appeal.

Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U. S. C. § 400:

In cases of actual controversy except with respect to Federal taxes the courts of the United States shall have power upon petition, declaration or other appropriate pleadings to declare rights and other legal remedies of any interested party petitioning for such declaration, whether or not further relief is or could be prayed and such declaration shall have the force and effect of a final judgment or decree and be reviewable as such * * *.

R. S. 4886:

Any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvements thereof, not known or used by others in this country, before his invention or discovery thereof, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, before his invention or discovery thereof, or more than two years prior to his application, and not in public use or on sale in this country for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned, may, upon payment of the fees required by law, and other due proceeding had, obtain a patent therefor.